

MODEL: C

KING ABDULAZIZ UNIVERSITY  
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS  
Exam/Course: Exam II - Math-204

Student Name:

Student University Number:

Instructor Name:

Section:

Time Allowed: 90 Minutes

December 25, 2010

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(Q1) Select the correct response with writing the details:

(i) If  $y_1, y_2, \dots, y_k$  is any set of  $k$  linearly independent solutions of a homogeneous linear differential equation of order  $n$ , then  $y = C_1y_1 + C_2y_2 + \dots + C_ky_k$  is

a solution     the general solution     not a solution (3Pt.)

(ii) A particular solution  $y_p$  of  $y''' + y' = 1 + \sin x$  is of the form (5Pt.)

$y_p = C_1 + C_2x \sin x + C_3x \cos x$       $y_p = C_1 + C_2 \sin x + C_3 \cos x$       $y_p = C_1x + C_2x \sin x + C_3x \cos x$

(iii) The general solution of  $y^{(n)} = 0$  is a polynomial of degree

$n$       $n-1$       $n+1$  (3Pt.)

(iv) According to the **Existence and Uniqueness Theorem** the IVP:

$ay'' + by' + cy = 0; a \neq 0, b, c \in \mathbb{R}, y(x_0) = y_0, y'(x_0) = y_1$  has

one solution     an infinitely many solutions     no solution (5Pt.)

(Q<sub>2</sub>) **Solve:**

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = x - y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = 2x - y \\ x(\pi) = 0, \quad y(\pi) = 1. \end{cases}$$

(11 Pt.)

(Q<sub>3</sub>) Find the general solution of:  $x^2y'' + xy' - y = \frac{1}{x+1}$

(11Pt.)

**Answer only two of the following three questions:**

(Q<sub>4</sub>) **Solve:**  $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - \omega^2 x = F_0 \sinh \omega t$ ;  $x(0) = 1$ ,  $x'(0) = 1$ ,

(6Pt.)

(Q<sub>5</sub>) Find the general solution of:  $(1+x^2)y''+2xy' = 0; y_1 = 1,$

(6Pt.)

(Q<sub>6</sub>) Find the general solution of:  $(x+2)^2y''+(x+2)y'+y = 0,$

(6Pt.)

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Sum	Balance